I'm not a bot

Sushi, also known as SushiSwap, is the most multi-chain decentralized exchange (DEX) with the widest liquidity aggregation stack in DeFi. It operates across 40+ chains, aggregating liquidity sources across all these networks through its RouteProcessor 6 (RP6), ensuring users get the best swap prices across supported networks.SushiSwap was created in late August 2020, offering various DeFi services as an automated market making (AMM), allowing users to swap tokens without the need for traditional market makers. It allows users to swap tokens and provide liquidity where they can stake their tokens to earn rewards. SushiSwap has its native token, $SUSHI, which gives holders governance rights and a share of the platform's transaction fees.Exchange & XSwap | Docs | Discord | Twitter | Newsletter | Youtube | GithubSwap, LP, Aggregation support on Sushi v2 and v3 PoolsWere excited to announce that Sushi is live on Sonic, the ultra-fast, Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM)-compatible, developer-friendly Layer-1 blockchain. Sushi users can seamlessly swap tokens and provide liquidity on v2 and v3 pools on Sonic via Sushis intuitive, user-friendly UI.What is Sonic?Sonic is setting a new standard in blockchain performance as a high-speed Layer-1 platform with a secure gateway to Ethereum. It offers developers and users unparalleled transaction speeds and efficiency:10,000+ Transactions Per Second (TPS)One-Second FinalityEVM Compatible (Solidity/Vyper Support)Sonic delivers a seamless, scalable experience for the next generation of decentralized applications (dApps) and is backed by an ecosystem-wide incentive program:Airdrop: ~200M S tokens to reward early users.Innovator Fund: Up to 200M S to support new ventures building on Sonic.Fee Monetization: Earn up to 90% of fees generated by your apps.With Sonic mainnet now live, users and developers can seamlessly upgrade their assets to Sonic, securely bridge assets, and stake tokens to earn rewards. Check out their official documentation to get started.Start your Sonic journey today with SushiWith Sushi now live on Sonic, participating in DeF in the Sonic ecosystem has never been faster. Heres what you can do:Bridge: Move assets seamlessly to and from Sonic by using Sonic Gateway, Sonics official decentralized bridge. Read the docs here.Swap: Trade Sonic tokens with best-in-class pricing via Sushis advanced Aggregator UI, currently routing through SushiSwap v2 and v3, SpookySwap v2 and v3, and Wagmi. Additional liquidity sources will be integrated in the coming days.Provide Liquidity: Add liquidity on Sushis v2 and v3 pools on Sonic.Start your Sonic journey today with Sushi to Swap Anything!About SushiSushi is the ultimate multi-chain DEX, enabling users to SWAP ANYTHING across 40+ chains. Powered by the industrys most advanced aggregation and swap stack, Sushi delivers superior liquidity access, best-in-class pricing, and powerful liquidity solutions for LPs.Sushi Labs, the development arm of Sushi DAO, is actively building a multi-DEX powerhouse with strategic partnerships and innovative DeFi primitives, including Susa, Saru, and Wara.About Sonic LabsSonic Labs powers Sonic, the high-speed, EVM-compatible Layer-1 blockchain. Built for developers and users, Sonic combines exceptional infrastructure with massive incentives to fuel the future of decentralized applications:10,000+ TPS & Sub-Second FinalityEVM CompatibilitySecure Gateway to EthereumAttractive Incentives like the Innovator Fund, Airdrops, and Fee Monetization.Sonics native token, S, is used for transaction fees, staking, validator rewards, and governance participation. At launch, FTM holders can convert their tokens to S at a 1:1 ratio, ensuring seamless entry into the new ecosystem.Sonic Gateway further connects developers and users to vast liquidity via a secure, decentralized bridge, underpinned by a unique fail-safe mechanism to protect your assets under all circumstances.Sushi, often called SushiSwap, is a popular decentralized finance (DeFi) platform best known for its Automated Market Maker (AMM). It was created in 2020 as a community-driven fork of Uniswap with a unique twist: Sushi integrated additional staking features and governance options via its native token, SUSHI. Over time, it has expanded into a multifaceted ecosystem offering various DeFi products such as an aggregator, an AMM, and token staking mechanisms. SushiSwap was launched in August 2020 and spearheaded by an anonymous developer known as "Chef Nomi," who forked the Uniswap protocol. The project immediately garnered attention thanks to its incentive system, which rewarded liquidity providers with the SUSHI governance token. Early on, Chef Nomi withdrew funds intended for development but later returned them following community backlash. Despite this early controversy, SushiSwap became one of the most recognized DeFi platforms. Sushi's aggregator searches across various decentralized exchanges (DEXs) to find the best token swap prices for users. Rather than swapping on SushiSwap alone, this tool routes trades across multiple liquidity sources to minimize slippage and optimize overall trade execution. At the heart of Sushi is its AMM, which powers token swaps by using liquidity pools instead of traditional order books. Liquidity providers (LPs) can deposit pairs of tokens into these pools and earn a share of the trading fees generated whenever someone swaps tokens. SUSHI is the platform's native governance token. It plays multiple roles within the ecosystem:Governance: Holders can vote on proposals regarding protocol changes and future developments.Rewards: LPs can receive SUSHI rewards for staking their liquidity pool tokens in Sushi's farms, known as "Onsen." xSUSHI is a staked version of the SUSHI token. When users stake their SUSHI, they receive xSUSHI, which entitles them to a portion of the protocol fees generated by SushiSwap. Over time, xSUSHI holders see their underlying SUSHI balance grow as transaction fees accumulate and are distributed back to stakers.Sushi (SushiSwap) has evolved from a simple fork into a fully featured DeFi hub. It incorporates an aggregator for optimal trades, an AMM for permissionless token swaps, and powerful staking options via its SUSHI and xSUSHI tokens. Despite its rocky beginnings, SushiSwap remains an influential and community-driven protocol at the forefront of decentralized finance.Go BackDeFi has evolved over the past three years, and with it comes a range of new terms and concepts. It's crucial to stay updated to navigate this sector! At Sushi, we've updated our DeFi Glossary for 2025 to provide you with clear and concise definitions, with a touch of Sushi.Check out the Sushi DeFi Glossary 2025 below!Sushi/SushiSwapSushi, also known as SushiSwap, is the most multi-chain decentralized exchange (DEX) with the widest liquidity aggregation stack in DeFi.It operates across 40+ chains, aggregating liquidity sources across all these networks through its RouteProcessor 6 (RP6), ensuring users get the best swap prices across supported networks.AggregatorsAggregators are platforms or tools that compile and display trading, liquidity, and yield data from multiple DeFi sources.They help users find the best swap prices, liquidity pools, and yield farming opportunities across decentralized exchanges (DEXs).Sushi's aggregator is integrated into its swap interface and automatically searches for the most competitive prices, ensuring users receive the best execution.AMM (Automated Market Maker)An AMM is a key component of DeFi, replacing order book-based trading with algorithmic liquidity pools. AMMs allow users to trade assets directly against a smart contract, rather than relying on market makers.Key Elements of AMMs:Decentralized Liquidity: Liquidity providers (LPs) deposit tokens into pools, making assets available for trading.x*y=k Formula: AMMs use mathematical pricing models such as x*y=k, where:x = Quantity of Token Ay = Quantity of Token Bk = Constant product (ensuring price adjustment based on supply and demand).Participants in an AMM:Liquidity Providers: Contribute tokens to pools and earn a share of trading fees or incentive rewards.Traders: Swap assets at AMM-determined prices without relying on a centralized exchange.Overall, AMMs automate liquidity provisioning and price discovery, enabling permissionless decentralized trading across DeFi protocols.ALM (Automated Liquidity Management)ALM refers to automated protocols that optimize liquidity management in DeFi, helping liquidity providers maximize returns while minimizing losses.Traditional LPs must manually manage their positions, rebalance assets, and monitor impermanent lossALM automates these processes.Sushi integrates Steer, Gamma, and DeFiEdge as ALM partners, with Steer natively built into Sushis UI, allowing seamless automated liquidity strategies for users.APR (Annual Percentage Rate)APR is the annualized return on an investment without factoring in compounding.Used to measure interest rates on lending, borrowing, staking, and liquidity provision in DeFi.Unlike APY, APR does not include compounding interest effects.APY (Annual Percentage Yield)APY represents the actual return on an investment over a year, accounting for compounding interest.DeFi staking and yield farming platforms typically advertise APY rather than APR, as earnings are reinvested periodically to maximize returns.ArbitrageA trading strategy that exploits price differences for the same asset across different exchanges.Crypto arbitrageurs use bots to automate trading between DEXs and centralized exchanges (CEXs), profiting from market inefficiencies.Arbitrage helps stabilize prices across markets and improve liquidity distribution.BridgingBridging allows users to transfer assets between different blockchains, enabling interoperability and access to DeFi protocols across multiple networks.Bridges operate by either locking assets on one chain and minting wrapped versions on another or using liquidity pools to facilitate direct transfers.Sushi integrates cross-chain bridging solutions to enable seamless multi-chain trading.Blockchain ExplorerA web-based tool that provides real-time visibility into blockchain transactions, smart contracts, wallet balances, and block data.Examples: Etherscan (Ethereum), BscScan (BNB Chain), Polygonscan (Polygon).Used for transaction tracking, auditing smart contracts, and verifying wallet activity.Concentrated LiquidityA liquidity model where LPs specify a price range in which their liquidity is actively used.Traditional AMMs spread liquidity evenly across all price ranges, which can be inefficient.Concentrated liquidity improves capital efficiency and allows LPs to earn higher fees by focusing liquidity where trading is most frequent.Sushi v3 uses concentrated liquidity models.Capital EfficiencyCapital efficiency measures how effectively liquidity is deployed within DeFi protocols.Higher capital efficiency = More trading volume and yield generated per unit of capital.Optimized liquidity pools (such as concentrated liquidity models) increase efficiency by allowing more trades per dollar of liquidity provided.Cross-ChainCross-chain functionality refers to the ability to move assets and data between different blockchain networks.Cross-chain swaps enable users to swap assets seamlessly between blockchains without centralized intermediaries.SushiXSwap supports cross-chain swaps across 25+ blockchains, including Ethereum, Arbitrum, Optimism, Polygon, Avalanche, BNB Chain, and Base.DAO (Decentralized Autonomous Organization)A blockchain-based governance model where decisions are made by token holders through voting mechanisms rather than centralized control.DAOs govern DeFi platforms, treasury funds, and protocol upgrades.SushiSwaps governance occurs on Discourse, Snapshot, and Tally, where token holders propose and vote on protocol changes.DAPP (Decentralized Application)DApps are software applications that run on blockchain networks, enabling decentralized financial services, gaming, and governance without intermediaries.Examples of DApps:DeFi platforms (SushiSwap, Aave)NFT marketplaces (OpenSea, LooksRare)Decentralized social media (Lens Protocol)Decentralized Exchange (DEX)A non-custodial, peer-to-peer exchange that facilitates cryptocurrency trading without intermediaries.SushiSwap operates as a multi-chain DEX across 40+ blockchains.Unlike centralized exchanges (CEXs), DEXs use liquidity pools and AMMs for price discovery and trade execution.DeFi (Decentralized Finance)DeFi is a blockchain-based financial ecosystem that replaces traditional banking services with decentralized applications (DApps).DeFi includes lending, borrowing, staking, yield farming, and automated market-making (AMM) trading.Users interact with DeFi protocols directly from self-custodial wallets like MetaMask or Ledger.EthereumEthereum is a leading smart contract blockchain used for DeFi, NFTs, and Web3 applications.SushiSwap and many other DeFi protocols are deployed on Ethereum and its Layer 2 scaling solutions like Arbitrum and Optimism.Flash LoanA loan in DeFi that requires no collateral and must be repaid within the same transaction.Often used for arbitrage, collateral swapping, and liquidations.Platforms like Aave and dYdX offer flash loan functionality.Gas FeesGas fees are transaction fees paid to blockchain validators to process transactions and execute smart contracts.On Ethereum and other blockchains, gas fees compensate miners (Proof-of-Work) or validators (Proof-of-Stake) for securing the network and processing transactions.Gas fees fluctuate based on network congestion, transaction complexity, and priority settings.Layer 2 solutions like Arbitrum and Optimism aim to reduce gas costs by bundling transactions before submitting them to Ethereums mainnet.GM/GN"GM" (Good Morning) and "GN" (Good Night) are commonly used greetings in the crypto community.These terms symbolize engagement and camaraderie among crypto and Web3 enthusiasts."GM" is often associated with optimism and bullish sentiment in crypto markets.HalvingHalving events are programmed reductions in the rate at which new cryptocurrency tokens are created.Occurs at fixed intervals in blockchain protocols to reduce inflation.Bitcoin halvings take place approximately every four years, reducing the block reward by 50%.Halving events are considered bullish as they reduce supply issuance, historically leading to price appreciation.Hard ForkA hard fork is a major, irreversible change to a blockchains protocol, creating a new chain that is not backward compatible with the old version.Examples:Ethereum Classic (ETC) was created due to a hard fork from Ethereum (ETH) after the DAO hack.Bitcoin Cash (BCH) split from Bitcoin (BTC) due to differences in scaling approaches.Unlike a soft fork, which introduces backward-compatible upgrades, a hard fork creates two separate blockchains.HODLHODL is a misspelled version of "hold" that became a meme in the crypto community, encouraging long-term holding of assets.It is sometimes interpreted as "Hold On for Dear Life," symbolizing resilience against market volatility.HODLers believe in the long-term value of their assets, avoiding panic selling during market downturns.Impermanent LossImpermanent loss refers to the temporary loss liquidity providers experience due to price fluctuations in an AMM-based liquidity pool.Occurs when an LPs assets in a pool become imbalanced due to market movements.If an LP withdraws funds while price divergence exists, they receive fewer assets than if they had held them separately.Protocol like Sushi is developing "Blade", a No-impermanent loss DEX to combine this DeFi risk.Interchain TokenInterchain tokens, powered by Axelar and other interoperability protocols, enable seamless transfers of digital assets between different blockchains.Unlike bridged assets, interchain tokens can be used natively on multiple blockchains.This technology improves interoperability and allows tokens to maintain consistency across chains.JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)JSON is a lightweight data format used for structuring and exchanging data in blockchain applications.While not specific to DeFi, JSON is widely used for API responses, smart contract interactions, and blockchain explorers.Smart contracts and dApps rely on JSON to communicate between different systems.KYC (Know Your Customer)KYC refers to identity verification procedures required by centralized exchanges and some DeFi services to comply with regulatory frameworks.KYC processes require users to submit identification documents to verify their identity.Decentralized platforms typically do not enforce KYC, but regulators are pushing for stricter compliance in DeFi.KekKek is a slang term originating from gaming culture, often used as an alternative to "LOL" or "haha."The term comes from World of Warcraft, where the Horde faction's "LOL" appears as "KEK" to Alliance players.In crypto, "KEK" is often used humorously in trading discussions and memes.Layer 1Layer 1 refers to the base layer of a blockchain network, responsible for transaction validation and security.Examples of Layer 1 blockchains: Ethereum, Solana, Avalanche, Bitcoin, BNB Chain.Layer 1 networks prioritize security and decentralization but may struggle with scalability, leading to the rise of Layer 2 solutions.Layer 2Layer 2 refers to a secondary layer built on top of Layer 1 blockchains to improve scalability and reduce transaction costs.Layer 2s process transactions off-chain and then submit finalized data to Layer 1 for security.Popular Layer 2 solutions:Arbitrum and Optimism (Ethereum Layer 2s using Optimistic Rollups).Polygon (a sidechain with faster transactions and lower fees).zkSync and StarkNet (Zero-Knowledge Rollups for Ethereum scalability).Liquidity MiningLiquidity mining is the process of earning token rewards by providing liquidity to decentralized exchanges or lending protocols.Liquidity providers deposit assets into pools and receive LP tokens, along with yield rewards in governance tokens.Protocols like SushiSwap, Aave, and Compound incentivize liquidity mining to attract liquidity.Liquidity PoolA liquidity pool is a smart contract-based pool containing pairs of tokens used for automated trading and yield generation.LPs contribute assets to pools and earn fees from traders who swap tokens.AMM-based DEXs like SushiSwap and Curve rely on liquidity pools instead of traditional order books.Messaging LayerA blockchain interoperability layer that enables secure communication and data exchange between different blockchain networks.Messaging layers allow applications to interact seamlessly across multiple blockchains, facilitating cross-chain transactions, data sharing, and interoperability.Used in DeFi, gaming, and multi-chain smart contract interactions.Multi-ChainA DeFi concept referring to the ability to operate on multiple blockchains simultaneously.Sushi is a multi-chain DEX, meaning that users can access, trade, and provide liquidity across 40+ blockchains within the Sushi UI.Multi-chain functionality allows for greater liquidity access, cross-chain trading, and expanded DeFi opportunities.A mechanism designed to prevent transaction manipulation by miners or validators, which can maximize their profits at the expense of traders.Common MEV Strategies:Front-running: Placing a transaction ahead of another to benefit from price changes.Sandwich Attacks: Exploiting AMMs by inserting buy and sell orders around a traders transaction.Arbitrage Exploits: Manipulating DEX liquidity to extract profit.SushiSwap and other DeFi platforms implement MEV protection to ensure fairer trade execution and reduce the risk of traders being exploited by bots or validators.Non-Fungible Token (NFT)A unique digital asset that represents ownership of a specific item, such as:Digital art, collectibles, music, in-game assets, and tokenized real-world assets.NFT Characteristics:Non-interchangeable: Unlike fungible tokens like ETH or USDT, NFTs have unique metadata stored on the blockchain.Blockchain Standards:Ethereum (ERC-721 and ERC-1155)Solana (SPL tokens)Polygon, Tezos, and other NFT-compatible blockchains.OraclesData providers that connect blockchain smart contracts with external real-world data.Blockchains are self-contained and cannot access off-chain data, so oracles act as intermediaries.They supply price feeds, weather data, stock market information, and other external inputs for smart contracts.Chainlink and Band Protocol are leading decentralized oracle networks.Price ImpactThe direct effect a trade has on an assets price, caused by a large trade size relative to available liquidity.High price impact occurs when the liquidity pool cannot absorb a trade without significantly shifting the price.Traders must monitor price impact to avoid unfavorable execution, especially in low-liquidity pools.Pool TokenA token received when providing liquidity to a decentralized exchange (DEX) liquidity pool.Represents a users share of the pool, entitling them to a proportional amount of trading fees generated.LP tokens can be redeemed for the original deposited assets plus any earned yield.Private KeysA cryptographic key that provides access to and control over a cryptocurrency wallet.Must be kept secure, as losing private keys results in permanent loss of funds.Unlike passwords, private keys cannot be recovered if lost.QuorumThe minimum number of votes required for a governance proposal to be valid and pass in a DAO or blockchain governance system.Ensures that decisions are made with broad community participation rather than by a small group of voters.Rug PullA DeFi scam where developers remove liquidity from a project, leading to significant losses for investors and liquidity providers.Common in new, unaudited DeFi projects promising high returns.One of the most frequent scams in the crypto space.SlippageThe difference between the expected price of a trade and the actual executed price, often due to market volatility or insufficient liquidity.High slippage occurs in low-liquidity pools or volatile market conditions, leading to worse execution prices for traders.DEXs allow traders to set a slippage tolerance to minimize losses.Smart ContractsSelf-executing blockchain-based contracts that automatically trigger transactions or agreements when predefined conditions are met.Used in DeFi, NFTs, DAOs, and automated transactions.SushiSwap relies on smart contracts to enable decentralized financial services.Sandwich AttackA front-running exploit where an attacker places two transactions around a target trade to manipulate execution price.The attacker profits by buying before the victim's trade and selling at a higher price afterward.Sandwich attacks exploit MEV and impact unsuspecting traders on DEXs.DeFi protocols implement safeguards, like MEV protection, to counter these attacks.Tax TokensCryptocurrencies that apply a built-in transaction tax ("tax fee") on every buy, sell, or transfer.The tax is often used for liquidity provisioning, redistribution to holders, or funding development.Found mostly on EVM-compatible chains, tax tokens require traders to adjust slippage settings for accurate transactions.Total Value Locked (TVL)A key metric in DeFi representing the total amount of assets locked in a protocol, indicating its adoption and liquidity depth.TVL includes:Liquidity in decentralized exchanges (SushiSwap).Collateral in lending platforms (Aave, Compound).Assets staked in yield farming programs.v2 AMMThe second version of AMM protocols, using constant product market-making ("x*y=k") for liquidity pools.SushiSwap v2 follows this model, where LPs earn passive income from fees.v3 AMMThe third-generation AMM design, introducing concentrated liquidity, allowing LPs to allocate liquidity within specific price ranges rather than across the entire spectrum.This model improves capital efficiency and fee earnings for LPs.Sushi v3 use this system to optimize liquidity provision.Vampire AttackA DeFi strategy where one protocol drains liquidity from a competitor by offering better incentives.The most famous vampire attack was SushiSwap draining liquidity from Uniswap in 2020, migrating over $1 billion in liquidity by rewarding LPs with SUSHI tokens.WalletA software or hardware tool that stores, manages, and enables cryptocurrency transactions.Wallets store private keys, allowing users to send and receive assets.Types of Wallets:Software wallets (MetaMask, Trust Wallet).Hardware wallets (Ledger, Trezor).Paper wallets (physical copies of private keys).Wallet AddressA unique identifier representing a user's cryptocurrency wallet on a blockchain.Used to send and receive crypto transactions.A hashed representation of a users public key.Wrapped TokensTokens that represent assets from one blockchain on another blockchain, improving interoperability and liquidity.Example: Wrapped Bitcoin (WBTC) is Bitcoin tokenized on Ethereum, allowing BTC to be used in DeFi applications.Zero-Knowledge Proofs (ZKPs)A cryptographic method that allows proving knowledge of information without revealing the actual data.ZKPs enhance privacy, security, and scalability in blockchain transactions.Sushi is deployed on Polygon zkEVM, which uses Zero-Knowledge Rollups for efficient DeFi transactions.05 Nov 202515 Oct 2025To provide liquidity on Sushi, you can lend your assets to a liquidity pool and become a Liquidity Provider (LP). This process is similar to making a bank deposit and earning interest (fees) on your deposit. Please see tutorial to refer to v2 and v3 liquidity provision specifically. SushiSwap is an Automated Market Maker (AMM) that enables decentralized cryptocurrency trading through liquidity pools rather than traditional order books. There are two main types of users: Swappers and Liquidity Providers (LPs). Heres how it works:Swappers/ Traders - These users want to exchange one cryptocurrency for another. Each time a swapper makes a trade, they pay a 0.3% transaction fee.Liquidity Providers (LPs) - LPs are users who supply assets to SushiSwaps liquidity pools, enabling the AMM to facilitate trades. In return, LPs earn a portion of the trading feesspecifically, 0.25% of the 0.3% fee collected from each swap, distributed among LPs based on their contribution. The remaining 0.05% of the fee goes to $SUSHI token holders who have staked their tokens to earn $xSUSHI, rewarding them for supporting the platform.In summary, swappers pay a fee to trade, LPs earn fees for providing this liquidity, and $SUSHI holders earn rewards by staking. This structure incentivizes LPs to maintain liquidity in the pools and encourages $SUSHI holders to stay engaged, creating a sustainable and mutually beneficial ecosystem for everyone involved..Go BackAs we close out 2024, we celebrate the incredible milestones, innovations, and growth that defined Sushi this year. From innovative product launches and expansive chain integrations to governance updates and community engagement, Sushi is the ultimate multi-chain DEX that lets you SWAP ANYTHING.Aggregator Volume GrowthAugust - December: Average Month-over-Month (MoM) growth is 40+%.Surpassed $1.5B cumulative volume since July 2024.Chain-Specific VolumeAchieved $1B cumulative trading volume on Base by November 2024.Sushi Bar Rewards DistributedOver $2M+ worth of $SUSHI rewards distributed to xSUSHI holders throughout the year.January: $33,535.February: $229,203 (two serves).March: $187,580 (two serves).April: $93,385.July: $312,000.Total Documented: $822,168.Total UI FeesGenerated $2M+ in UI fees across all chains and products in 2024 (since Aug). Product Innovations: Pushing the Limits of DeFiCore Upgrades & FeaturesSushiSwap Aggregator: The evolution of swap technology. Our cutting-edge Route Processor powers the SushiSwap Aggregator, seamlessly integrating liquidity from 40+ chains, including major pools like Curve, Algebra, and Quickswap. This ensures unmatched pricing, liquidity optimization, and rapid price quotes. Recent updates introduced enhanced swap rates and front-end fees on selected pools, optimizing performance for traders across the board.Sushi Bar Relaunch: Revived staking functionality for $SUSHI, enabling users to earn rewards ($xSUSHI) and participate in governance.User Experience EnhancementsMini Portfolio: Unified dashboard to track wallet balances, staking rewards, token holdings, and transaction history across chains.Token Selector: Improved with trending tokens, personal asset views, and enhanced search functionality.Enhanced Multi-Chain User Experience: Switching between chains is now effortless, with a streamlined network selector that minimizes clicks and maximizes efficiency. This and other features are designed to create a seamless swapping experience, prioritizing ease and speed for users.Trading EnhancementsSpecial FeaturesSushiXSwap Expansion: Cross-chain swaps now span 15 networks through Axelar integration, enabling seamless token transfers across chains with broader network support.Referral Program: Users earn 40% of trading fees for successful referrals, with 75% allocated to referrers and 25% to referees.New Chains Supported: Continue the Multi-chain expansionZetaChain: A Layer 1 blockchain and developer platform that connects L1 and L2 networks, from Ethereum to Bitcoin and beyond.Blast L2: An Ethereum Layer-2 network providing advanced liquidity aggregation and native staking rewards.Cronos: A blockchain network optimized for decentralized applications with liquidity aggregated via VVS Finance.Rootstock: The first EVM-compatible Bitcoin sidechain offering decentralized finance on Bitcoin.SKALE: A zero gas fees Ethereum native blockchain.ZKsync: A Layer-2 scaling solution focused on low-cost, high-speed transactions while retaining Ethereum's security.Mantle: A high-performance Ethereum Layer-2 network designed for modular scalability and deep liquidity.Manta: A privacy-focused blockchain supporting scalable DeFi and cross-chain swaps.Taiko: A decentralized zk-rollup protocol enabling secure and fast transactions on Ethereum.Mode: A blockchain emphasizing speed, scalability, and eco-friendliness for efficient DeFi solutions.zkLink: A multi-chain Layer-2 infrastructure connecting liquidity across Ethereum-compatible chains.ApeChain: A dynamic blockchain ecosystem built on the Arbitrum stack.TRON: A public layer-1 blockchain dedicated to accelerating the decentralization of the Internet, with 276 million usersSonic Labs: The ultra-fast, Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM)-compatible, developer-friendly Layer-1 blockchain.Chain Activities Strategic IntegrationsChainlink CCIP: Integrated Chainlink's Cross-Chain Interoperability Protocol (CCIP) for secure and efficient cross-chain communication, enhancing interoperability across multiple blockchains.Axelar: Powered SushiXSwap's cross-chain swaps, enabling seamless asset transfers across 15 networks.Magic Store Integration: Enhancing the discovery of multi-chain and cross-chain swaps through Sushis presence in the Magic Store, the Web3 App Store by Magic Square.GoPlus Security: Added advanced threat detection and fraud prevention tools for enhanced user safety. Marketing HighlightsSwap Anything Campaign: Launched the Super Swap Roadmap, showcasing RP5 and expanded DEX integrations.FAQs: A comprehensive informational section to address user queries.YouTube Channel: Revamped with tutorials, walkthroughs, and product highlights.Sushi Academy: Expanded educational resources for user education. Global Events: Connecting CommunitiesETHDenver: Panels and meetups on DeFi trends, AI in Web3, and parallelized VMs.Paris Blockchain Week: Roadmap discussions with Halborn, Immunefi, and others.Token2049 x 2 (Singapore/Dubai): Yacht parties, brunches, and breakfasts with Rootstock, Beefy Finance, and other partners.Korea Blockchain Week: Co-hosted the Hash Hour with Layer3, Oort, and Core DAO.Permissionless (Salt Lake City): Coffee meetups with Halborn and other industry leaders.DevCon (Bangkok): Coffee meetups with Halborn, Nillion, and Somnia.BTC Conference (Nashville): Breakfast and brunch events with the community and partners.ETH San Juan 2024: Panels, networking, and exploring new opportunities in DeFi. AMAs Hosted or Participated in 2024January: ETHDenver - Sushis role in DePIN and AI in Web3.February:Omni Protocol - Future of DeFi and Integration.State of DeFi - Partnered with De.Fi and iZUMi Finance.March: Paris Blockchain Week - Focused on Layer N and governance updates.April:Susa x Layer N - Launch of the perps DEX.Governance AMA - Collaboration with The Standard.io,June:Sushi x Splinterlands - Web3 gaming integration.SKALE & Haven's Compass - Discussions on web3 gaming.August: RP5 - Liquidity aggregation innovations.October: Swap Anything - Super Swap Roadmap deep dive. Community-Driven Milestones & Proposal HighlightsGovernance Updates: Finalized the Sushi DAO Foundation and Sushi Labs. Enabled expansion into new ecosystems like Solana.Sushi Councils: Established Operational, Treasury, and Product Councils to streamline decision-making and governance execution.Wara (wara.exchange)A comprehensive trading experience on Solana.Susa (susa.exchange)Sushi's new on-chain order book perps DEX, built on N1.Kubo (kubo.bid)A perps primitive to bootstrap new markets with delta-neutral strategies.BladeA cutting-edge LVR AMM solution, eliminating MEV for blue-chip assets.SushiSwap AggregatorAlready livescaling distribution with new partner integrations to broaden reach.Thank you to our incredible community for making 2024 a success. Here's to an even brighter 2025! 05 Nov 202515 Oct 2025Please be aware that with regards to tax tokens, the preferred slippage incorporates the standard slippage value along with the additional tax amount. E.g.: 0.5% slippage + 5% tax = 5.5%

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